Audited Financial Statements
Mount Clemens, Michigan
June 30, 2023

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Mount Clemens Montessori Academy

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mount Clemens Montessori Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mount Clemens Montessori Academy, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Mount Clemens Montessori Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as detailed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's basic financial statements. The accompanying additional supplementary information, as identified in the Table of Contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2023, on our consideration of Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Crashay Laurei; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 26, 2023



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Mount Clemens Montessori Academy

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mount Clemens Montessori Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2023.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Mount Clemens Montessori Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Rochester, Michigan October 26, 2023

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

Mt. Clemens Montessori Academy is a Preschool through 5<sup>th</sup> grade Public School Academy located in Mt. Clemens, Michigan. This Management's Discussion and Analysis, a requirement of GASB 34, is intended to be Mt. Clemens Montessori Academy administration's discussion and analysis of the financial results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE ACADEMY

Table 1 - Basic Financial Information

	Curr	Current Fiscal Year Prior Fiscal Y		
State Aid Funding Per Pupil	\$	9,150	\$	8,700
Enrollment	266.48 245.78			245.78
General Fund Balance Increase/(Decrease)	\$	54,240	\$	124,134
General Fund Balance as Percent of Unrestricted State Aid Revenue		49%	52%	

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) according to GASB 34 requires the reporting of two types of financial statements: Academy-wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements.

### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:**

For the most part, the fund financial statements are comparable to general purpose financial statements. The primary difference is that the Account Groups: General Fixed Assets and General Long-Term Debt are no longer reported. The fund level statements are reported on a modified accrual basis. Only those assets that are "measurable" and "currently available" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources.

The fund statements are formatted to comply with the legal requirements of the Michigan Department of Education's "Accounting Manual." In the State of Michigan, the Academy's major instruction and instructional support activities are reported in the General Fund. Additional governmental activities are reported in their relevant Special Revenue Funds.

In the fund financial statement, capital assets purchased are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition. No asset is reported. The issuance of debt is recorded as a financial resource. The current year's payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures. Future year's debt obligations are not recorded.

The Academy has one kind of fund:

Governmental fund – Most of the Academy's basic services are included in governmental funds which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Academy's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Academy-wide statements, we provide additional information with the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

### **ACADEMY - WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Academy-wide financial statements are maintained using the "full accrual" basis. They report all of the Academy's assets and liabilities, both short and long term, regardless if they are "currently available" or not. For example, assets that are restricted for use in the Debt Funds solely for the payment of long-term principal or interest are grouped with unrestricted assets of the General Fund. Capital assets and long-term obligations of the Academy are reported in the Statement of Net Position of the Academy-wide financial statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the Academy's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of the annual report are arranged and related to one another.

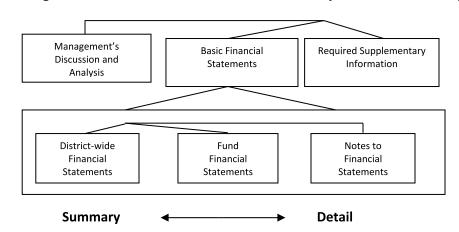


Figure A-1 Organization of Mt. Clemens Montessori Academy Annual Financial Report

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the Academy's financial statements, including the portion of the Academy's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

	Academy-wide statements	Fund Financial Statements		
Scope	Entire Academy (except	All activities of the Academy that are not		
	fiduciary funds)	fiduciary		
Required financial statements	* Statement of net	* Balance sheet		
	position	* Statement of revenues, expenditures and		
	* Statement of activities	changes in fund balances		
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting and current		
measurement focus	economic resources focus	financial resources focus		
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities,	Generally, assets expected to be used up and		
information	both financial and capital,	liabilities that come due during the year or		
	short-term and long-term	soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term		
		liabilities included		
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash is received during or		
information	expenses during year,	soon after the end of the year, expenditures		
	regardless of when cash is	when goods or services have been received and		
	received or paid the related liability is due and			

Figure A – 2 Major Features of the Academy-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ACADEMY AS A WHOLE

Table 2 - Financial Results

	Curre	ent Fiscal Year	Pric	or Fiscal Year
Ending General Fund Balance	\$	1,256,705	\$	1,202,465
Total General Fund Revenue	\$	3,407,111	\$	3,223,878
State Aid Foundation Allowance as percent of Academy Revenues		76%		72%
Total Cost of Instructional Programs	\$	1,681,529	\$	1,682,897
Instructional Expenditures as percent of Total Expenditures		50%		54%
Total Cost of Support/Operational Services	\$	1,671,342	\$	1,416,577
Support/Operational Services as percent of Total Expenditures		50%		46%
Total Expenditures transferred to Debt Service	\$	ı	\$	-
Transfer to Debt Service as percent of Total Expenditures		0%		0%

### **ACADEMY GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

### **Summary of Net Position**

The following summarizes the net position at fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

Table 3 - Net Position Detail

	 2023	2022
Assets Current Assets	\$ 1,673,422 \$	1,472,229
Capital Assets	3,391,649	3,268,074
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (600,347)	(494,630)
Capital Assets, Net Book Value	2,791,302	2,773,444
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 4,464,724 \$	4,245,673
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	\$ 669,338 \$	512,913
Long-term Liabilities	 1,450,497	1,714,416
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$ 2,119,835 \$	2,227,329
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 1,076,886 \$	809,201
Restricted	11,901	7,549
Unrestricted	1,256,102	1,201,594
Total Net Position	\$ 2,344,889 \$	2,018,344

### **Results of Operations:**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Academy wide results of operations were:

Table 4 - Change in Net Position

	202	23	2022		
	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	
General Revenue:				_	
State of Michigan Aid - All Sources	\$ 2,465,711	70.69%	\$ 2,143,925	65.08%	
Other	122,960	3.53%	116,109	3.52%	
Total General Revenue	2,588,671	74.22%	2,260,034	68.60%	
Program Revenue:					
Charges for Services	259,696	7.44%	172,051	5.22%	
Operating Grants - Federal and State	639,596	18.34%	862,478	26.18%	
Total Program Revenue	899,292	25.78%	1,034,529	31.40%	
Total Revenue	3,487,963	100.00%	3,294,563	100.00%	
Expenses:					
Instruction and Instructional Services	1,681,529	53.19%	1,682,897	56.55%	
Support Services	1,017,544	32.19%	849,975	28.56%	
Food Service	56,834	1.80%	58,467	1.96%	
Community Services	198,264	6.27%	166,285	5.59%	
Unallocated Depreciation/Amortization	105,717	3.34%	103,922	3.48%	
Interest on Long-term Debt	101,530	3.21%	115,033	3.86%	
Total Expenses	3,161,418	100.00%	2,976,579	100.00%	
Change in Net Position	\$ 326,545	=	\$ 317,984		

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Academy's net position increased by \$326,545. The most significant difference between prior year and current year is the total general fund revenue increased and total general fund expenditures decreased.

### State of Michigan Aid and Other Factors Affecting Revenue

The State of Michigan aid is determined by the following variables:

- Per Student, Foundation Allowance: Annually, the State of Michigan sets the per student foundation allowance. Mt. Clemens Montessori Academy's foundation allowance was \$9,150.
- Student Enrollment: The Academy's student enrollment for the fall count of 2022-23 was 265 students. To calculate total state aid to be provided by the foundation allowance, a system (Section 25) where the funding follows the student was used. This means adjustments were made to the current year fall count when students enrolled or un-enrolled until the current year winter count to calculate the adjusted fall count. A blend of 90% of the adjusted current year fall count and 10% of the prior year spring count is multiplied by the Academy's foundation allowance.
- Total Section 25 adjustment was .54 FTE or (\$4,941)
- Additional federal funding was available during the 2022-23 fiscal year to supplement programs. This funding is expected to be available again in fiscal year 2023-24.

### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the local Board of Directors approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to July 1, the start of the fiscal year. Over the course of the year, the Academy revised the annual operating budget two times.

Changes were made in the second and fourth quarters to account for student enrollment, federal funding, and changes in assumptions (e.g. staffing changes, instructional, transportation, food services and community services) since the original budget was adopted.

The Academy's revenues from General Fund operations were higher than expenditures by \$54,240 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### **Capital Assets**

The Academy's net investment in capital assets increased by \$17,858 during the fiscal year.

Table 5 - Capital Assets

	Beginning Balance 6/30/22		Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance 6/30/23		
Building and Improvements Furniture and Equipment	\$ 3,101,592 166,482	\$	123,575 -	\$	-	\$	3,225,167 166,482
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	494,630		105,717		-		600,347
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 2,773,444	\$	17,858	\$	-	\$	2,791,302

### **Depreciation Expense**

GASB 34 requires Public School Academies to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation. The net increase in accumulated depreciation expense is a reduction in net assets in the entity wide financial statements. Depreciation is not recognized in the fund financial statements and has been noted as a reconciling item in the Academy's financial statements.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the net increase in accumulated depreciation was \$105,717.

Depreciation expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of assets. In accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), depreciation expense is recorded based on the original cost of the asset, less an estimated salvage value.

### **Debt, Principal Payments**

A summary of long-term debt service activities is as follows.

Table 6 - Debt, Principal Payments

, , ,	Balance 6/30/2022		New Financings		Principal Payments	Balance 6/30/2023	
Land Contract	\$ 1,964,243	\$	-	\$	249,827	\$	1,714,416

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE ACADEMY'S FUTURE**

The Preliminary Budget for the 2023-24 Fiscal Year was adopted by the Board of Directors in June 2023. Few definite factors were known as the budget was being drafted, and others were unknown and needed to be projected with management's best estimates given the limited information available stemming from the pandemic. Some key factors and estimates used in the 2023-24 budget preparation process include:

- Conservative enrollment projections of 242 students in grades K-6.
- State Aid Foundation is estimated with a \$250 per pupil increase, subsequent to year end the Foundation allowance was increased by \$458 per pupil.
- Continued improvement of academic achievement through changes in academic programs.

Since the Academy's revenue is heavily dependent on State funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenues to fund its appropriation to School Districts and Public School Academies. The State periodically holds revenue-estimating conferences to estimate what the State's available resources will be throughout the remainder of its fiscal year. Despite the current economic uncertainties, we remain cautiously confident that the State will find the resources to sufficiently fund current appropriations.

### CONTACTING THE ACADEMY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our students, parents and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to demonstrate the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Academy's office at 1070 Hampton Rd., Mt. Clemens, Michigan 48043.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

### **ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS**

Current Assets		

Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other governmental units  Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,114,296 516,147 42,979
Total current assets	1,673,422
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization	 2,791,302
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 4,464,724
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,433
Unearned revenue	79,327
Other accrued expenses	324,659
Long-term debt - current portion	 263,919
Total current liabilities	669,338
Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion	1,450,497
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,076,886
Restricted	11,901
Unrestricted	1,256,102
Total net position	 2,344,889
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$ 4,464,724

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		 Program	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Government			
	Expenses	arges for Services	Operating Grants		,	Type Activities
	 -xpenses	 ei vices		Giants		ACTIVITIES
Functions						
Instruction						
Basic programs	\$ 1,464,942	\$ 200,442	\$	277,935	\$	(986,565)
Added needs	216,587	=		225,881		9,294
Support Services						
Pupil support services	110,209	-		-		(110,209)
Instructional staff support services	30,460	-		7,850		(22,610)
General administration	298,645	-		-		(298,645)
School administration	258,947	-		-		(258,947)
Business support services	2,378	-		-		(2,378)
Operations and maintenance	250,442	-		-		(250,442)
Central support services	46,797	-		-		(46,797)
Other student activities	19,666	-		-		(19,666)
Food services	56,834	59,254		-		2,420
Community services	198,264	-		127,930		(70,334)
Unallocated depreciation / amortization	105,717	-		-		(105,717)
Unallocated interest	 101,530	 		-		(101,530)
Total primary government	\$ 3,161,418	\$ 259,696	\$	639,596		(2,262,126)
General Purpose Revenues						
State school aid - unrestricted						2,465,711
Miscellaneous revenues						122,960
Total general purpose revenues						2,588,671
Change in net position						326,545
Net position - July 1, 2022						2,018,344
Net position - June 30, 2023					\$	2,344,889

# COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

### **ASSETS**

		General	No	n-Major	Total		
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental units Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	\$	1,104,830 516,147 - 42,979	\$	9,466 - 2,435 -	\$	1,114,296 516,147 2,435 42,979	
Total assets	\$	1,663,956	\$	11,901	\$	1,675,857	
LIAB	ILITIES AND FUN	D BALANCE					
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	1,433	\$	_	\$	1,433	
Due to other funds		2,435		-		2,435	
Unearned revenue		79,327		-		79,327	
Other accrued expenses		324,056				324,056	
Total liabilities		407,251		-		407,251	
Fund Balance							
Nonspendable		42,979		-		42,979	
Restricted		-		11,901		11,901	
Assigned		218,535		-		218,535	
Unassigned		995,191				995,191	
Total fund balance		1,256,705	-	11,901		1,268,606	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,663,956	\$	11,901	\$	1,675,857	
	<u>~</u>	_,===				_,0.0,007	

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 1,268,606
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$3,391,649 and the accumulated depreciation / amortization is \$600,347.	2,791,302
Interest is not payable until due in governmental activities, and, therefore, is not recorded in the funds.	(603)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 (1,714,416)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,344,889

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 General		Non-Major		Total	
Revenues	 _				_	
Local sources	\$ 301,802	\$	80,852	\$	382,654	
State sources	2,577,250		-		2,577,250	
Federal sources	365,966		_		365 <i>,</i> 966	
Interdistrict sources	 162,093				162,093	
Total governmental fund revenues	3,407,111		80,852		3,487,963	
Expenditures						
Instruction						
Basic programs	1,464,942		-		1,464,942	
Added needs	216,587		-		216,587	
Support Services						
Pupil support services	110,209		_		110,209	
Instructional staff support services	30,460		_		30,460	
General administration	298,645		-		298,645	
School administration	258,947		-		258,947	
Business support services	2,378		_		2,378	
Operations and maintenance	250,442		-		250,442	
Central support services	46,797		-		46 <i>,</i> 797	
Other student activities	-		19,666		19,666	
Food services	-		56,834		56,834	
Community services	198,264		_		198,264	
Capital outlay	123,575		-		123,575	
Debt principal and interest	351,625				351,625	
Total governmental fund expenditures	 3,352,871		76,500		3,429,371	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing						
sources over expenditures and other uses	54,240		4,352		58,592	
Fund balance - July 1, 2022	1,202,465		7,549		1,210,014	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023	\$ 1,256,705	\$	11,901	\$	1,268,606	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$ 58,592
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditured in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported and amortization expense. This is the amount by which exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current	the cost i as depred capital o	s ciation	
Capital outlay  Depreciation and amortization expense	\$	123,575 (105,717)	17,858
The governmental funds report loan proceeds as an oth source, while repayment of loan principal is reported as expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of the in the treatment of general loan obligations is as follow	an the ese differe		
Repayment of loan principal Interest expense	\$	249,827 268	 250,095
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 326,545

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies of Mt. Clemens Montessori Academy (the "Academy") conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public school academies. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

### **Reporting Entity**

Mt. Clemens Montessori Academy was formed as a public school academy pursuant to the Michigan School Code of 1976, as amended by Act No. 362 of the Public Acts of 1993 and Act No. 416 of the Public Acts of 1994. The Academy filed articles of incorporation as a nonprofit corporation pursuant to the provisions of the Michigan Nonprofit Corporation Act of 1982, as amended, and began operation in July 2003.

In June 2019, the Academy extended a contract for an additional eight years through June 30, 2027 with the Bay Mills Community College's Board of Regents to charter a public school academy. The contract requires the Academy to act exclusively as a governmental agency and not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as an entity authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to the State constitution. The College's Board of Regents is the fiscal agent for the Academy and is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the contract and all applicable laws. The Academy pays the Bay Mills Community College's Board of Regents three percent of state aid as administrative fees. Total administrative fees paid for the year ended June 30, 2023 were approximately \$81,300.

In June 2019, the Academy extended an agreement with CS Partners, LLC ("CSP") and CSP Management Inc. ("CSPM") (related entities) for an additional eight years through June 30, 2027. Under the terms of the agreement, CSP provides a variety of services including financial management, educational programs, and consulting, as well as staff training. The Academy is obligated to pay CSP eight percent of its state aid revenue through June 30, 2024 and 9% of its state aid revenue July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2027. At no time will the fee be less than \$80,000. Under the terms of the agreement, CSPM employs teachers, administrators, and other staff who are assigned to the Academy. All employment costs and costs incurred in providing the educational programs at the Academy are reimbursed by the Academy to CSPM. Fees paid under this contract amounted to approximately \$196,700 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational or financial relationships with the public school Academy. Based on application of criteria, the Academy does not contain component units.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Academy. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### **Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting**

The accounts of the Academy are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of a fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the combined financial statements in this report, into generic fund types in two broad fund categories.

### **Governmental Funds**

A governmental fund is a fund through which most Academy functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Academy's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through a governmental fund.

**General Fund** - The general fund is used to record the general operations of the Academy pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

**Special Revenue Fund (Food Services)** - The special revenue fund is used to account for the food service program operations. The special revenue fund is a subsidiary operation and is an obligation of the general fund. Therefore, any shortfall in the food services fund will be covered by an operating transfer from the general fund.

**Special Revenue Fund (Student Activities)** – The Academy presently maintains an activity fund to record the transactions of student groups for school and school-related purposes. The student activity fund is a subsidiary operation and is an obligation of the general fund. Therefore, any shortfall in the student activities fund will be covered by an operating transfer from the general fund.

**Debt Service Fund** - The debt service fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, is used to record certain revenue and the payment of interest, principal and other expenditures on long-term debt.

**Capital Projects Fund** - The capital projects fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Governmental and agency funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Modifications in such method from the accrual basis are as follows:

- a. Revenue that is both measurable and available for use to finance operations is recorded as revenue when earned. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.
- b. Payments for inventorial types of supplies, which are not significant at year end, are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

- c. Principal and interest of general long-term debt are not recorded as expenditures until their due dates.
- d. The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance funding approach, which provides for specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenue from state sources is primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The state portion of the foundation is provided from the State's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law. A major portion of the Academy's revenue is derived from this state aid. As such, the Academy is considered to be economically dependent on this aid. The Academy's existence is dependent upon qualification for such aid.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Academy and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Academy does not allocate indirect expenses to programs. In creating the government wide financial statements the Academy has eliminated inter-fund transactions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Academy.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Academy first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Academy's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Academy reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools and GASB No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures. Under these standards, certain investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Academy intends to hold the investment until maturity. The Academy held no investments during the year ended June 30, 2023. State statutes authorize the Academy to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, saving accounts, deposit accounts, and or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Corporation or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Academy is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

### Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023 consist primarily of state school aid due from the State of Michigan and the federal government. All receivables are expected to be fully collected in July and August of 2023 and are considered current for the purposes of these financial statements.

### **Prepaid Assets**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2023, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions or retirements during the year. The Academy defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost in excess of \$5,000. The Academy follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a useful life of less than one year. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure assets.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Right to use assets of the Academy are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease/subscription period or the estimated useful lives. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and improvements10-50 yearsFurniture and equipment5-20 yearsComputers and software3-10 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the non-current portion of capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws of regulations of other governments.

### **Fund Equity**

The Academy has adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year reporting. The intention of the GASB is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the Academy's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on those resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. This category typically includes prepaid items and inventories.

In addition to nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- a. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- b. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes action to remove or change the constraint.
- c. Assigned fund balance amounts the Board intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board or by an official or committee to which the Board delegates the authority.
- d. *Unassigned fund balance* amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The Academy follows the policy that restricted, committed, or assigned amounts will be considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unassigned and restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances are available. There are no governmental funds with a deficit.

### **Leases**

Leases and Subscription Based IT Arrangements (SBITA)

At the commencement of a lease/subscription, the Academy initially measures the lease/SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease/SBITA term. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease/SBITA payments made. The lease/SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease/SBITA liability, adjusted for lease/SBITA payments made at or before the lease/SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases included how the Academy determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease/SBITA payments to present value, (2) lease/SBITA term, and (3) lease/SBITA payments.

- The Academy uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged
  by the lessor is not provided, the Academy generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the
  discount rate for leases/SBITA.
- The lease/SBITA term includes the noncancelable period of the lease/subscription. Lease/SBITA payments included in the measurement of the lease/SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Academy is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Academy monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease/SBITA and will remeasure the lease/SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease/SBITA liability.

Lease/SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and lease/SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### **Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

### **NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

Annual budgets are adopted on a consistent basis with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances are not formally recorded.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the Academy to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. The Academy is required by law to adopt general and special revenue fund budgets. During the year ended June 30, 2023 the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. See page 18 of these financial statements for a comparison of final budgeted and board approved appropriations to actual expenditures.

### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

### **Interest Rate Risk**

In accordance with its investment policy, the Academy will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Academy's cash requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued**

### **Credit Risk**

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2023, the Academy did not hold any investments.

### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Academy will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Academy's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2023, \$930,595 of the Academy's cash was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured. All cash balances were uncollateralized as of June 30, 2023.

### **Custodial Credit Risk - Investments**

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Academy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Academy will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Academy will do business.

### **Foreign Currency Risk**

The Academy is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

### Fair Value

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Academy has the ability to access.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued**

- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- c. Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The observable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Academy's own data.)

The Academy does not have any investments that are subject to the fair value measurement.

### **NOTE 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS**

Amounts due from other governmental units consist of the following:

State sources Federal sources	\$ 481,088 35,059
Total	\$ 516,147

### **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity of the Academy's governmental activities was as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	Ju	ıly 1, 2022	A	Additions		posals	June 30, 2023	
Capital assets subject to depreciation / amortization								
Building & improvements	\$	3,101,592	\$	123,575	\$	-	\$	3,225,167
Furniture and equipment		166,482		<del>-</del>				166,482
Sub Total		3,268,074		123,575		-		3,391,649
Accumulated depreciation								
Building & improvements		328,892		105,311		-		434,203
Furniture and equipment	-	165,738		406				166,144
Sub-total		494,630		105,717		-		600,347
Total net capital assets	\$	2,773,444	\$	17,858	\$	-	\$	2,791,302

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation and amortization expense was not charged to activities as the Academy considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

### **NOTE 6 – OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES**

Other accrued expenses may be summarized as follows:

	Net Position			<u>Funds</u>		
Purchased services - payroll and benefits	\$	207,145	\$	207,145		
University oversight fee		16,385		16,385		
Other accrued expenditures		100,526		100,526		
Interest		603				
Total other accrued expenses	\$	324,659	\$	324,056		

### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATION PAYABLE**

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the Academy during year ended June 30, 2023:

### Loan Information

Loan Injormation	Interest	Maturity					
	Rate	Date	Other				
Land contract	5.50%	March, 2029	Payable in monthly installments of \$29,302 inclu interest. Secured by facilities.				
<u>Loan Activity</u>	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements and Payments	Balance June 30, 2023	Due Within One Year		
Land contract	\$ 1,964,243	\$ -	\$ 249,827	\$ 1,714,416	\$ 263,919		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATION PAYABLE - Continued

The following are maturities of long-term obligations for principal and interest for the next five years and in total:

	F	<b>Principal</b>		nterest
2024		252.040		07.706
2024	\$	263,919	\$	87,706
2025		278,807		72,819
2026		294,533		57,092
2027		311,147		40,478
2028		328,700		22,927
2029		237,310		5,084

### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions. The Academy has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage since its inception.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	,	Variance
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 190,000	\$ 265,000	\$ 301,802	\$	36,802
State sources	2,420,770	2,605,536	2,577,250		(28,286)
Federal sources	328,128	523,942	365,966		(157,976)
Interdistrict sources	 150,000	 160,000	 162,093		2,093
Total general fund revenues	3,088,898	3,554,478	3,407,111		(147,367)
Expenditures					
Instruction					
Basic programs	1,511,413	1,648,691	1,464,942		(183,749)
Added needs	237,700	234,574	216,587		(17,987)
Support Services					
Pupil support services	67 <i>,</i> 000	138,005	110,209		(27,796)
Instructional staff support services	6,000	33,285	30,460		(2,825)
General administration	279,369	299,985	298,645		(1,340)
School administration	221,361	248,000	258,947		10,947
Business support services	2,000	2,500	2,378		(122)
Operations and maintenance	233,028	254,150	250,442		(3,708)
Central support services	57,540	75,767	46 <i>,</i> 797		(28 <i>,</i> 970)
Community services	148,066	221,500	198,264		(23,236)
Capital outlay	51,500	-	123,575		123,575
Debt principal and interest	351,625	 452,310	 351,625		(100,685)
Total general fund expenditures	 3,166,602	 3,608,767	 3,352,871		(255,896)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(77,704)	(54,289)	54,240		108,529
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers out	(3,000)	 	 -		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses	(80,704)	(54,289)	54,240		108,529
Fund balance - July 1, 2022	 1,202,465	 1,202,465	 1,202,465		<del>-</del>
Fund balance - June 30, 2023	\$ 1,121,761	\$ 1,148,176	\$ 1,256,705	\$	108,529

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

### **ASSETS**

	Special Revenue					
	Fo	St	udent			
	Sei	Services Activities			Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	9,466	\$	9,466
Due from other funds		2,435				2,435
Total assets	\$	2,435	\$	9,466	\$	11,901
	LIABILITIES AND FUN	D BALANCE				
Fund Balance Restricted	\$	2,435	\$	9,466	\$	11,901

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NON-MAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Special I			
	Food		S	tudent	
	S	ervices	es Activities		 Total
Revenues					
Local sources	\$	59,254	\$	21,598	\$ 80,852
Expenditures					
Other student activities		-		19,666	19,666
Food services		56,834		-	56,834
Total governmental fund expenditures		56,834		19,666	 76,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,420		1,932	4,352
Fund balance - July 1, 2022		15		7,534	7,549
Fund balance - June 30, 2023	\$	2,435	\$	9,466	\$ 11,901

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Local Sources	
Other local revenues	\$ 301,802
State Sources	
At risk	111,539
State aid	 2,465,711
Total state sources	2,577,250
Federal Sources	
IDEA	38,931
Title I	59,013
Title II A	6,400
Title IV	10,000
Other program revenue	251,622
Total federal sources	365,966
Interdistrict Sources	 162,093
Total general fund revenues	\$ 3,407,111

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Basic Programs	
Purchased services	\$ 1,386,497
Supplies and materials	77,723
Other expenditures	722
Total basic programs	1,464,942
Added Needs	
Purchased services	216,587
Pupil Support Services	
Psychological services	1,468
Speech pathology and audiology	65,731
Social work services	43,010
Total pupil support services	110,209
Instructional Staff Support Services	
Purchased services	30,460
General Administration	
Purchased services	295,439
Other expenditures	3,206
Total general administration	298,645
School Administration	
Purchased services	238,223
Supplies and materials	18,107
Other expenditures	2,617
Total school administration	258,947

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - GENERAL FUND - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Business Support Services	
Other expenditures	2,378
Operations and Maintenance	
Purchased services	133,083
Repairs and maintenance	43,321
Supplies and materials	74,038_
Total operations and maintenance	250,442
Central Support Services	
Purchased services	19,527
Supplies and materials	27,270_
Total central support services	46,797
Community Services	
Purchased services	192,816
Supplies and materials	5,448_
Total community services	198,264
Capital Outlay	123,575
Debt Principal and Interest	351,625
Total general fund expenditures	\$ 3,352,871